



White the test where we want to

IDDIA, CEYLON, AND NEPAL

Aug. 3, 1960

WEST BENCALI INVITED TO POWERS: TRIAL

Rumbay PTF Radioteletype in English to Tokyo, Aug. 3, 1960, 0930 GMT--B

(Text) Calcutta, Aug. 3.—The Soviet Covernment has Invited S.K. Acharyya, barrister-at-law and a mamber of the West Mangal legislative council, to be present during the trial of John Carry Powers, the pilot of the U-2, which is scheduled to start at moscow on Aug. 17.

The invitation has been received by Acharyya from Borshenin, president of the law section of the friendship societies of the USER. Acharyya will leave Delhi for Moscow on Aug. 13.

Possible Death Sentence

(Editor's Note) According to REUTERS on Aug. 3, TASS quoted Soviet "lagel specialist" Dr. B. Nikiforov that Powers' probable sentence for his alleged espionage flight will be death or from 7 to 15 years imprisonment.

CEYLON WILL NATIONALIZE NEWSPAPERS

Bombay FTI Redioteletype in English to Tokyo, Aug. 2, 1960, 1814 CMT--B

(Text) Colombo, Aug. 2. The Ceylor Government has decided to take over the national newspapers of the country, according to the English morning paper, the Ceylor DALIM NEWS.

In the early edition of its issue dated Wednesday, Aug. 3, available here tonight, the paper reported: "It is understood that the government has decided to take over the national newspapers of Cappon. This will be done by means of a corporation in which the government will have block holdings. Shores will also be sold to members of the public."

"The government has also decided to appoint a press commission to investigate activities of the national press of Caylon and of public servants in the recent general election. Personnel of the press commission will be announced by the government shortly.

"According to government sources, the minister of justice, Sam P.C. Fernando, has been directed to report to the government on the legal powers that are to be vested in the commission."

112 25

~ 02 -

TODIA, CHYLON, AND MEPAL ALS. 3, 1960

No official comment was readily available on the report. But the appointment of a press commission was one of the points in the election manifesto of the Sri Lanka Freedom Farty which assumed office after a landslide victory in last month's elections.

Speaking on the role of the pross which as a whole has opposed the Stilanka Freedom Party and its slectoral alliance, Felix Dias Bendersnake told the press on July 23 on the eve of his assumption of office as finance minister: "There are only two groups of newspapers of note in Coylon (the Associated newspapers and the TEMS of Ceylon-PTI). We convert them into public companies that it is not possible for monopoly to convert them into public companies that it is not possible for monopoly interests to control. Government will certainly not have a stranglehold. It is vital that something be done to remedy the unfair belance of ownership which gives advantage to capitalist interests. We don't want to dony them the right to express their views, but we want to sofeguard the liberty of the press."

"TIME" BANNED FOR DISPARACING NEW PREIMER

Bombay FTI Redicteletype in English to Tokyo, Aug. 2, 1960, 1436 GMT--B

(Excerpt) Colombo, Aug. 2-The Ceylon Government today announced it had backed the importation of the latest issue of the American news magazine TIME in view of references in it "disparaging" Frime Minister Mrs. Sirimavo Bandaranaike. The announcement total the government had authorized the collector of customs to impound all copies of the issue which is dated Aug. 1.

The announcement followed a meeting of the cabinet at which a statement of policy and program of the government was finalized for incorporation in the opening address of Governor-General Sir Oliver Goonetillake to be delivered before a joint bession of Caylon's new parliament on Aug. 12.

MRS PANDARANAIKE IS NAMED TO SENATE

Bombby PTI Radioteletype in English to Tokyo Aug. 2, 1960, 1801 GMT--B

(Text) Colombo, Aug. 2--Mrs. Sirimavo Bandaramaika, Prime Minister of Ceylon, was today nominated a member of the senate, upper house of the country's parliament.